

Chapter 10.36 - STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING ¹

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10.36.010 Parking–Method required generally.

It is unlawful for any person to stand or park a vehicle in a roadway other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the curbside wheels of the vehicle within eighteen inches of the curb or edge of the roadway. (Prior code §10-2-10(A)).

10.36.020 Loading or unloading–Permit required–Violation prohibited.

- A. The chief of police is authorized to issue special permits for the backing of a vehicle to the curb for the purpose of loading or unloading merchandise or materials subject to the terms and conditions of such permit. Such permits may be issued either to the owner or lessee of real property or to the owner of the vehicle.
- B. It is unlawful for any permittee or other person to violate any of the special terms or conditions of any such permit. (Prior code §10-2-10 (B))

10.36.030 Parked vehicle lighting requirements.

- A. Whenever a vehicle is lawfully parked at nighttime upon any street within a business or residence district no lights need be displayed upon such parked vehicle.
- B. Whenever a vehicle is parked upon a street or highway outside of a business or residence district during the hours between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise, such vehicle shall be equipped with one or more lamps which shall exhibit a white light on the roadway side visible from a distance of five hundred feet to the front of the vehicle and a red light visible from a distance of five hundred feet to the rear.
- C. Any lighted headlamps upon a parked vehicle shall be depressed or dimmed. (Prior code §10-2-10(C)).

10.36.040 Angle parking prohibited where.

Angle parking on either or both sides of U.S. highways within the limits of the city is prohibited. (Ord. 1-1962 §3, 1962).

10.36.050 Parking–Signs required when.

Whenever any parking time limit is imposed or parking is prohibited on designated streets, it shall be the duty of the chief of police to erect appropriate signs giving notice thereof and such regulations shall not be effective unless said signs are erected and in place at the time of any alleged offense. (Prior code §10-2-13(C)).

10.36.060 Parking–Prohibited for certain purposes.

It is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle upon any roadway for the principal purpose of:

- A. Displaying such vehicle for sale;
- B. Washing, greasing or repairing such vehicle except repairs necessitated by any emergency. (Prior code §10-2-11(F)).

10.36.070 Parking–Obstructing roadway prohibited when.

It is unlawful for any person to park any vehicle upon a street, other than an alley, in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten feet of the width of the roadway for free movement of vehicular traffic. (Prior code §10-2-11(B)).

10.36.080 Parking–Prohibited in alleys when.

It is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle within an alley in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of vehicular traffic, and it is unlawful for a person to stop, stand or park a vehicle within an alley in such a position as to block the driveway entrance to any abutting property. (Prior code §10-2-11(C)).

10.36.090 Parking–Nighttime hours prohibited–Location–Exception.

It is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle within the business district for a period of time longer than thirty minutes between the hours of two a.m. and five a.m. of any day, except physicians on emergency calls. (Prior code §10-2-11(D)).

10.36.100 Parking–Trucks and/or trailers prohibited where.

Parking of trucks and/or truck trailers is prohibited within the business district. (Prior code §10-2-11(E)).

10.36.110 Parking–Near schools prohibited when.

- A. The chief of police is authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon either or both sides of any street adjacent to any school property when such property would, in his opinion, interfere with traffic or create a hazardous situation.
- B. When official signs are erected indicating no parking upon either side of a street adjacent to any school property as authorized herein, it is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle in any such designated place. (Prior code §10-2-11(G)).

10.36.120 Parking–On narrow streets prohibited when.

- A. The chief of police is authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon any street when the width of the roadway does not exceed twenty feet or upon one side of a street as indicated by such signs when the width of the roadway does not exceed thirty feet.
- B. When official signs prohibiting parking are erected upon narrow streets as authorized herein, it is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle upon any such street in violation of any such signs. (Prior code §10-2-11 (H))

10.36.130 Stopping, standing or parking-Locations where prohibited.

- A. It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with law or the direction of a police officer or traffic control device, in any of the following places:
 - 1. On a sidewalk;
 - 2. In front of a public or private driveway;
 - 3. Within an intersection;
 - 4. Within fifteen feet of a fire hydrant.
 - 5. On a crosswalk;
 - 6. Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection:
 - 7. Within thirty feet upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop sign or traffic control signal;

8. Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless the chief of police has indicated a different length of a zone by signs or markings;
 9. Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing;
 10. Within twenty feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five feet of said entrance when properly signposted;
 11. Alongside or opposite any street obstruction or excavation when stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic;
 12. On a roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street;
 13. Upon any bridge or other elevated structure upon a highway or within a highway tunnel;
 14. At any place where official signs prohibit stopping.
- B. It is unlawful for any person to move a vehicle not lawfully under his control into any such prohibited area or away from a curb such distance as is unlawful. (Prior code §10-2-11(A)).

10.36.140 Standing or parking on one-way streets—Prohibited when.

The chief of police is authorized to erect signs upon the left-hand side of any one-way street to prohibit the standing or parking of vehicles and when such signs are in place, it is unlawful for any person to stand or park a vehicle upon such left- hand side of the street. (Prior code §10-2-11 (I)).

10.36.150 Standing or parking on one-way streets—Permitted when.

In the event a highway includes two or more separate roadways and traffic is restricted to one direction upon any such roadway, it is unlawful for any person to stand or park a vehicle upon the left- hand side of such one-way roadway unless signs are erected to permit such standing or parking. The chief of police is authorized to determine when standing or parking may be permitted upon the left-hand side of such one-way roadway and to erect signs giving notice thereof. (Prior code §10-2-11 (J))

10.36.160 Stopping, standing or parking— Near hazardous or congested places prohibited when.

- A. The chief of police is authorized to determine and designate by proper signs places not exceeding one hundred feet in length in which the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles would create an especially hazardous condition or would cause unusual delay in traffic.
- B. When official signs are erected at hazardous or congested places as authorized herein it is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle in any such designated place. (Prior code §10-2-11(K)).

10.36.170 Loading or unloading–Locations and hours authorized.

The chief of police is authorized to determine the location of passenger and freight curb loading zones and shall place and maintain appropriate signs indicating the same and stating the hours during which the provisions of this chapter are applicable. (Prior code §10-2-12(A)).

10.36.180 Curb loading zone–Permit and signs required–Fee.

The chief of police shall not hereafter designate or sign any curb loading zone. Upon special request of any person unless such person makes application for a permit for such zone and for two signs to indicate the ends of each such zone. Said permit fee shall be as set and designated by the governing body. (Prior code §10-2-12(B)).

10.36.190 Curb loading zone–Passenger– Use restrictions.

It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle for any purpose or period of time other than for the expeditious loading or unloading of passengers in any place marked as a passenger curb loading zone during the hours when the regulations applicable to such curb loading zone are effective and then only for a period not to exceed three minutes. (Prior code §10-2-12(C)).

10.36.200 Curb loading zone–Freight– Use restrictions.

It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle for any purpose or length of time other than for the expeditious unloading and delivery or pickup and loading of materials in any place marked as a freight curb-loading zone during hours when the provisions applicable to such zones are in effect. In no case shall the stop for loading or unloading of materials exceed thirty minutes. (Prior code §10-2-12(D)).

10.36.210 Public carrier stops and stands–Establishment authorized and signs required.

The chief of police is authorized and required to establish bus stops, bus stands, taxicab stands and stands for other passenger common-carrier motor vehicles on such public streets in such places and in such manner as he shall determine to be of the greatest benefit and convenience to the public and every such bus stop, bus stand, taxicab stand or other stands shall be designated by appropriate signs. (Prior code §10-2-12(E)).

10.36.220 Stopping, standing or parking–Bus regulations.

- A. The operator of a bus shall not stand or park such vehicle upon any street at any place other than at a bus stand so designated.
- B. The operator of a bus shall not stop such vehicle upon any street at any place for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or their baggage other than at a bus stop, bus stand or passenger-loading zone so designated except in case of an emergency.
- C. The operator of a bus shall enter a bus stop, bus stand or passenger loading zone on a public street in such a manner that the bus when stopped to load or unload passengers or baggage shall be in a position with the right front wheel of such vehicle not farther than eighteen inches from

the curb and the bus approximately parallel to the curb so as not to impede unduly the movement of other vehicular traffic. (Prior code §10-2-12(F)).

10.36.230 Bus stands use restrictions.

It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle other than a bus in a bus stand, except that the driver of a passenger vehicle may temporarily stop therein for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading passengers when such stopping does not interfere with any bus. (Prior code §10-2-12 (G))

10.36.240 Applicability of regulations.

The provisions of this chapter prohibiting the standing or parking of a vehicle shall apply at all times or at those times herein specified or as indicated on official signs except when it is necessary to stop a vehicle to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or official traffic control device. (Prior code §10-2-13(A)).

10.36.250 Regulations not exclusive.

The provisions of this chapter imposing a time limit on parking shall not relieve any person from the duty to observe other and more restrictive provisions prohibiting or limiting the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles in specified places or at specified times. (Prior code §10-2-13 (B))

----- NOTES -----

(1)For statutory regulations concerning stopping, standing and parking, see Idaho Code 49-755, 49-756, 49-758 and 49-759.